

1 court to amend its pleading. Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2). Rule 15 states the court should
2 “freely give leave when justice so requires.” Id.

3 Plaintiff filed her Motion for Default Judgment on June 4, 2008, and Defendant
4 Brocious filed his Response on June 20, 2008. Service was effectuated on Plaintiff the
5 same day. Several weeks later, on July 9, 2008, Plaintiff’s Corrected Motion was filed.
6 Since Plaintiff failed to file the Corrected Motion prior to the service of Defendant
7 Brocious’ Response, no amendment as a matter of course was allowed. Consequently,
8 Plaintiff was required either to receive written consent from Defendant Brocious or court
9 permission before filing the Corrected Motion. Since neither of these steps was taken by
10 Plaintiff, the Corrected Motion is not permitted and will be denied by the Court.

11 Furthermore, entry of default and default judgments are addressed in Federal Rule
12 of Civil Procedure 55. Under that rule, “when a party against whom a judgment for
13 affirmative relief is sought has failed to plead or otherwise defend, and that failure is
14 shown by affidavit or otherwise, the clerk must enter the party’s default.” Fed. R. Civ. P.
15 55(a). Before a default judgment can be entered by the court, the party must move the
16 court to direct the entry of default in accordance with Rule 55(a) and default must be
17 entered by the clerk. Since Plaintiff has failed to secure an entry of default from the
18 Court, a motion for default judgment is inappropriate at this time.

19 Accordingly, for the reasons stated above,

20 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED DENYING** Plaintiff’s Corrected Motion for Default
21 Judgment in Accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 55 and L.R. Civ. P. 4(f), 4.2, C and L.R.
22 4.2, 5(M) as to Defendant Christopher Brocious and Motion to Strike (Doc. 83).

23 DATED this 15th day of November, 2008.

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26 Stephen M. McNamee
27 United States District Judge
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